

**INTERNATIONAL AS
FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

FM02

(9665/FM02) Unit FPSM1 Pure Mathematics, Statistics and Mechanics

Mark scheme

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Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| | |
|----------------|--|
| M | Mark is for method |
| m | Mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | Mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | Mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | Mark is for explanation |
| √ or ft | Follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | Correct answer only |
| CSO | Correct solution only |
| AWFW | Anything which falls within |
| AWRT | Anything which rounds to |
| ACF | Any correct form |
| AG | Answer given |
| SC | Special case |
| oe | Or equivalent |
| A2, 1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| -x EE | Deduct x marks for each error |
| NMS | No method shown |
| PI | Possibly implied |
| SCA | Substantially correct approach |
| sf | Significant figure(s) |
| dp | Decimal place(s) |
| ISW | Ignore subsequent working |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|-------|------------------------------------|
| 1(a) | $1.2 \times 1.8 - (0.4 - p) \times (0.4 + p)$ | M1 | Correct expression for determinant |
| | $2 + p^2$ | A1 | |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|-----------------------------|-------|----------|
| 1(b)(i) | Shear parallel to y -axis | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| 1(b)(ii) | $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ k & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ | M1 | Uses a matrix of the correct form for a shear with x -axis invariant |
| | $\Rightarrow 3k + 2 = -4$ | | |
| | $k = -2$ | A1 | |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|-------|--|
| 1(c) | $\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 & 0.4 - p \\ 0.4 + p & 1.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | M1 | $\mathbf{A} \times \textit{their B}$ (must be correct order) |
| | $= \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 + 2p & 0.4 - p \\ p - 3.2 & 1.8 \end{bmatrix}$ | M1 | obtains a 2×2 matrix with at least 2 correct terms for <i>their B</i> |
| | | A1 | CAO |
| | | 3 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 1 Total | 8 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---|--|--|---|
| 2 | $hf(2, 5) = 0.05 \times \frac{1}{2^2 - \sqrt{5}}$ $= 0.02834576\dots$ $y_2 = 5 + 0.02834576\dots = 5.02834576\dots$ $y_3 = 5.02834576 + 0.05 \times \frac{1}{2^{2.05} - \sqrt{5.02834576}}$ $[= 5.05468009]$ 5.055 | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>m1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>Correct substitution into RHS of this expression</p> <p>PI</p> <p>5 + their value of $hf(2, 5)$</p> <p>Correct substitution using their y_2 into second term here</p> <p>Correct answer given to 3 dp</p> |
| | Question 2 Total | 5 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|-------|---|
| 3(a) | $\frac{y}{x} = Ax + B$ | M1 | Divides through by x |
| | which is a linear relationship between x and $\frac{y}{x}$ | A1 | Obtains correct relationship and gives conclusion |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|--------|-------|---------------------|
| 3(b)(i) | | B1 | Best-fit line drawn |
| | | | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| 3(b)(ii) | gradient = -0.47 y-intercept = 2.46 | M1 | Gradient or intercept seen |
| | $A = -0.47$ $B = 2.46$ | A1 | AWFW $[-0.5, -0.44]$ for A AWFW $[2.38, 2.55]$ for B |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| 3(c) | $1 = -0.47x^2 + 2.46x$ $x = 4.7898$ or $x = 0.4442$ $x = 4.8$ or $x = 0.44$ | M1 M1 A1ft | Substitutes their values into original relationship PI Solves resulting quadratic ft Their values, each value must be to two significant figures |
| | | 3 | |
| | Question 3 Total | 8 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|---------|--|-----------|--------------------|
| 4(a)(i) | $f(2) = -3$ and $f(3) = 3$ | B1 | Evaluates both |
| | $ f(2) = f(3) $ so linear interpolation divides the interval in two [as does interval bisection] | E1 | Correct conclusion |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| 4(a)(ii) | $f\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) = -2.75$ [and $f(3) = 3$] | M1 | |
| | Change of sign, so $\frac{5}{2} < \alpha < 3$ | A1 | Correct conclusion |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|--------------|---|
| 4(b) | $x_1 = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2.75}{2.75+3}$ | M1 M1 | M1 For $x_1 = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \dots$ oe M1 For $\frac{2.75}{2.75+3}$ oe |
| | $x_1 = \frac{63}{23}$ | A1 | |
| | $[f(x_1)] = -0.778$ | B1ft | For evaluating their $f(x_1)$ |
| | $f(x_1) < 0$ so $\alpha > \frac{63}{23}$ and $\frac{63}{23} < \alpha < 3$ | E1 | AG Must be convincingly shown |
| | | 5 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 4 Total | 9 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|--|---|
| 5(a) | $\mathbf{M}^2 = \frac{1}{25} \begin{bmatrix} 2k-3 & 4-k \\ 4k+4 & 3-2k \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2k-3 & 4-k \\ 4k+4 & 3-2k \end{bmatrix}$ $= \frac{1}{25} \begin{bmatrix} (2k-3)^2 + (4-k)(4k+4) & \\ (4k+4)(2k-3) + (3-2k)(4k+4) & \\ (4-k)(2k-3) + (3-2k)(4-k) & \\ (4-k)(4k+4) + (3-2k)^2 & \end{bmatrix}$ $= \frac{1}{25} \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$ $= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>For $\frac{1}{25} \times$ a 2×2 matrix oe with at least one correct algebraic entry</p> <p>For one correctly evaluated entry</p> <p>CAO</p> |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|--|--|
| 5(b) | $\frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 2k-3 & 4-k \\ 4k+4 & 3-2k \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2x \end{bmatrix}$ $= \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} (2k-3)x + (4-k) \times 2x \\ (4k+4)x + (3-2k) \times 2x \end{bmatrix}$ $= \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 5x \\ 10x \end{bmatrix}$ $= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2x \end{bmatrix}$ <p>So any point of the form $(x, 2x)$ is invariant, so $y = 2x$ is a line of invariant points</p> | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>Applies M to a general point on the line $y = 2x$</p> <p>Obtains $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2x \end{bmatrix}$ oe</p> <p>CAO</p> |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|----------------|--|---|---------------------|
| 5(c)(i) | $k = 0$ gives $\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.6 & 0.8 \\ 0.8 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$ Reflection ...with $\cos 2\theta = -0.6$ so $\tan \theta = 2$ [with mirror line] $y = 2x$ | M1 A1 A1 | Substitutes $k = 0$ |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| 5(c)(ii) | $a = -\frac{1}{2}$ | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Question 5 Total | 10 | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|-----------------------------------|-------|----------|
| 6(a) | [Discrete] uniform [distribution] | B1 | |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|----------------|-------|----------|
| 6(b) | $\frac{5}{11}$ | B1 | oe |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|---|---|
| 6(c) | $E(X) = \frac{n+1}{2}$ $E(X) = \frac{11+1}{2} = 6$ $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{n^2-1}{12}$ $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{11^2-1}{12} = 10$ $6a + b = 13$ $10a^2 = 90$ $a = 3$ $b = -5$ | <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>PI</p> <p>PI</p> <p>One correct equation</p> |
| | | 5 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 6 Total | 7 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 7(a) | $1 - 0.318 - 0.512 = 0.17$ | B1 | AG Must be convincingly shown |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 7(b) | $G'_Y(t) = 0.512 + 0.17bt^{b-1}$ | M1 | Differentiates $G_Y(t)$ oe |
| | $1.872 = 0.512 + 0.17b$ | m1 | Forms correct equation to find b |
| | $b = 8$ | A1 | |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|-------------|---|
| 7(c) | $G''_Y(t) = 9.52t^6$ | M1 | Differentiates their $G'_Y(t)$ oe |
| | $\text{Var}(Y) = 9.52 + 1.872 - 1.872^2$ | m1 | Applies correct variance formula |
| | $\text{Var}(Y) = 7.887616$ | A1ft | AWRT 7.89 ft Their $0.17b(b - 1) - 1.632384$ |
| | | 3 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 7 Total | 7 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|-----------|---|
| 8(a) | $1 - (1 - 0.4)^3$ or $(1 - 0.4)^3$ | M1 | Correct calculation of P(ball in hole ≤ 3) or P(ball in hole > 3) PI By sight of 0.784 or 0.216 |
| | | M1 | Correct structure oe Allow any sensible notation |
| | | A1 | Fully correct oe |
| | | 3 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|---|-----------|--|
| 8(b) | $\frac{0.784 \times 0.88}{0.784 \times 0.88 + 0.216 \times 0.19}$ $= 0.944$ | M1 | Correct numerator (0.68992) ft Their 0.784 |
| | | M1 | Correct denominator (0.73528) ft Their 0.784 and 0.216 provided that they sum to 1 |
| | | A1 | AWRT 0.944 |
| | | 3 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 8 Total | 6 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|------------|-------|--------------------|
| 9(a) | MLT^{-2} | B1 | Correct dimensions |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|------------|-------|--------------------|
| 9(b) | MLT^{-1} | B1 | Correct dimensions |
| | | 1 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|------|--|--------------|--|
| 9(c) | $[\text{Rate of change of momentum}] = \frac{MLT^{-1}}{T}$ $= MLT^{-2}$ $= [\text{Force}]$ <p>So statement is dimensionally consistent</p> | M1 A1 | Dimensions of rate of change of momentum Concludes argument |
| | | 2 | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 9 Total | 4 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|---|-------|---|
| 10(a) | $3 \times 5 + 7 \times (-2) = 3v_A + 7v_B$ | M1 | Equation for conservation of momentum |
| | $1 = 3v_A + 7v_B$ | A1 | Correct equation |
| | $v_A - v_B = -0.1(5 - (-2))$ | M1 | Equation using coefficient of restitution |
| | $= -0.7$ | A1 | Correct equation |
| | $v_A = -0.39$ | A1 | Correct equation |
| | Speed of A = $0.39 \text{ [m s}^{-1}\text{]}$ | | |
| | | 5 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 10(b) | $I = 3 \times (-0.39) - 3 \times 5$ | M1 | Uses impulse formula |
| | $= -16.17$ | | |
| | Magnitude = 16.2 [Ns] | A1 | Correct magnitude |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|-------------------------|-------|------------------------------|
| 10(c) | $16.17 = F \times 0.05$ | M1 | Uses $I = Ft$ |
| | $F = 323 \text{ [N]}$ | A1 | Correct value Allow 324 N |
| | | 2 | |

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 10 Total | 9 | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--|

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| 11(a) | $\mathbf{v}_{PQ} = \begin{bmatrix} V \sin \theta - 3 \cos 10^\circ \\ V \cos \theta + 3 \sin 10^\circ \end{bmatrix}$ | M1 | Finds relative velocity, with at least one correct component |
| | | A1 | Correct relative velocity |
| | | 2 | |

| Q | Answer | Marks | Comments |
|-------|---|-------|---|
| 11(b) | $360 \begin{bmatrix} V \sin \theta - 3 \cos 10^\circ \\ V \cos \theta + 3 \sin 10^\circ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1200 \end{bmatrix}$ $V \sin \theta = 3 \cos 10^\circ$ $V \cos \theta = \frac{1200}{360} - 3 \sin 10^\circ$ $V = \sqrt{(3 \cos 10^\circ)^2 + \left(\frac{1200}{360} - 3 \sin 10^\circ \right)^2} = 4.1$ $\tan \theta = \frac{3 \cos 10^\circ}{\frac{1200}{360} - 3 \sin 10^\circ}$ $\theta = 46$ | M1 | Forms expressions for $V \sin \theta$ and $V \cos \theta$ |
| | | A1 | Both correct |
| | | M1 A1 | M1: Eliminates θ A1: Correct V |
| | | A1 | Correct θ |
| | | 5 | |

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--|
| | Question 11 Total | 7 | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--|