

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL

FURTHER MATHEMATICS

(9665/FM03) Unit FP2 Pure Mathematics

Thursday 11 January 2024 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the OxfordAQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
TOTAL	



1 The line L has Cartesian equations $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-4}{5} = \frac{z-3}{4}$

The plane Π has Cartesian equation $x + 2y + 3z = 18$

The line L intersects the plane Π at the point A

Find the Cartesian coordinates of A

[3 marks]

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Answer



[2 marks]

Answer

$$z^4 = -2\sqrt{3} + 2i$$

[4 marks]

Answer

6

Turn over ►



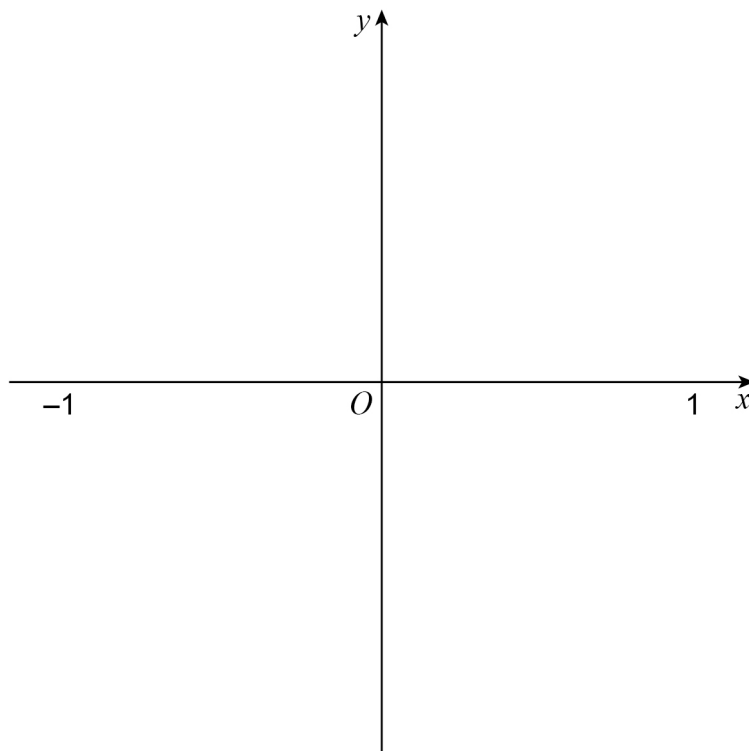
3 (a) (i) Find the gradient of the curve $y = \tanh^{-1} x$ when $x = 0$

[1 mark]

Answer _____

3 (a) (ii) Sketch the curve $y = \tanh^{-1} x$ for $|x| < 1$ on the axes below.

[1 mark]



$$\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x}{2}\right) + \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{2}\ln 3 - \frac{1}{2}\ln 2$$
[illegible]

Answer _____

7



$$\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r^2 + r + 1}{r(r+1)} = 1 + n - \frac{1}{n+1}$$

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5

where $0 \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

given that $y=1$ when $x=\frac{\pi}{3}$

Give your answer in the form $y = f(x)$

[6 marks]

[illegible]

$$y =$$

6

Turn over ►



- 6 (a)** Find the first three non-zero terms in the Maclaurin series expansion in ascending powers of x of $\cos(2x)$

[1 mark]

Answer _____

- 6 (b)** Hence find the Maclaurin series expansion of $e^{\cos(2x)-1}$ in ascending powers of x up to and including x^4

[2 marks]

Answer _____



[3 marks]

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Answer

6

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



- 7 (a) Explain why $\int_3^{\infty} \frac{x-3}{e^x} dx$ is an improper integral.

[1 mark]

- 7 (b) Find the exact value of the improper integral

$$\int_3^{\infty} \frac{x-3}{e^x} dx$$

showing the limiting process used.

[5 marks]



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Answer _____

6

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



8 (a) Prove by induction that, for all integers $n \geq 1$

$$\sum_{r=1}^n (r^3 + 3r^5) = \frac{1}{2}n^3(n+1)^3$$

[5 marks]

[illegible]

8 (b)

$$\sum_{r=1}^{3N} r^5 = \frac{3}{4} N^2 (3N+1)^2 (18N^2+6N-1)$$

[3 marks]

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- 9** The transformation T is represented by the non-singular matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & k \\ 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

where k is an integer.

- 9 (a)** In the case when T has a line of invariant points:

- 9 (a) (i)** find the value of k

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 9 (a) (ii)** find the Cartesian equations of the line of invariant points.

[2 marks]

Answer _____



[6 marks]

[illegible]

Answer _____

11

Turn over ►



10 (a)

[6 marks]

[illegible]

Answer



10 (b)

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \sin 4x + 38\cos 4x$$

It is also given that the first two non-zero terms in the Maclaurin series expansion in ascending powers of x of $f(x)$ are $4 + 17x^2$

Find the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{16}\right)$ giving your answer in a simplified exact form.

[4 marks]

[illegible]

Answer _____

10

Turn over ►



The plane Π_1 has equation $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the sum of the direction cosines of a line perpendicular to the plane Π_1

[illegible]

Answer _____



11 (b)

The line L is the line of intersection of the planes Π_1 and Π_2

The equation of the line L is $\mathbf{r} - q \times -5 = \mathbf{0}$ where p and q are constants.

Find the value of c , the value of p and the value of q

[6 marks]

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$c =$ _____ $p =$ _____ $q =$ _____

11

Turn over ►



12 (a)

$$\cos 5\theta = 16 \cos^5 \theta + a \cos^3 \theta + b \cos \theta$$

where a and b are integers.

[5 marks]

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12 (b)

$$\cos \frac{2\pi}{5}, \cos \frac{4\pi}{5}, \cos \frac{6\pi}{5} \text{ and } \cos \frac{8\pi}{5}$$

is

$$16x^4 + 16x^3 + kx^2 + kx + 1 = 0$$

where k is an integer.

[4 marks]



- 12 (c)** Hence use the equation in **part (b)** to find the quadratic equation with integer coefficients whose roots are $\cos \frac{2\pi}{5}$ and $\cos \frac{6\pi}{5}$

[4 marks]

Answer _____



13

$$x = \tanh t \quad \text{and} \quad y = \frac{1}{\cosh t} \quad \text{for all real values of } t$$

The length of the arc of C between the points on the curve where $t = -1$ and $t = 1$ is equal to s

13 (a) (i)

[5 marks]

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[4 marks]

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[3 marks]

Values of y

Turn over ►



14 (b) Show that the area of triangle OPQ is $\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4}$

[4 marks]

Question 14 continues on the next page

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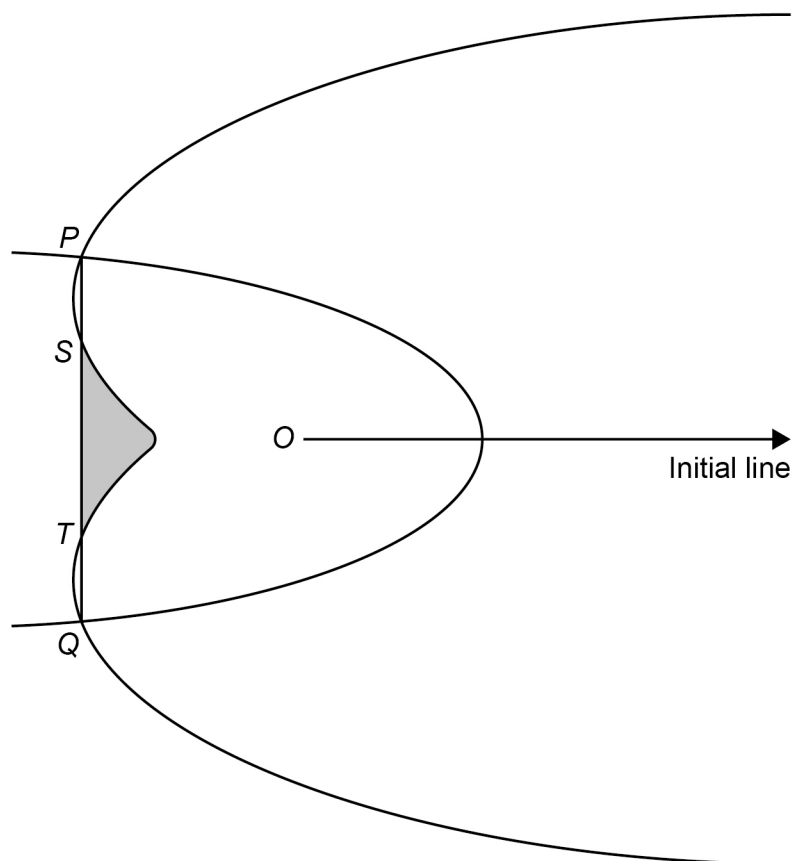


14 (c) **Figure 2** shows an enhanced version of part of **Figure 1**.

The line segment PQ intersects the curve C at the points S and T .

The finite region bounded by the line segment ST and the curve C is shaded.

Figure 2



Find the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer in the form $a\sqrt{n} + m\cos^{-1}(b)$ where n and m are integers and a and b are rational.

[7 marks]



Answer _____

15



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