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INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL MATHEMATICS

(9660/MA03) Unit P2 Pure Mathematics

Friday 2 June 2023 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Examiner's Use				
Question	Mark			
1				
2				
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12				
TOTAL				



	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.				
1	(a)	For each of the following find	$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}$		
1	(a) (i)	$y = \left(3x^5 - 4\right)^8$	[2 marks]		
			[Z marko]		
			Answer		
1	(a) (ii)	$y = \frac{3x^4}{7x - 5}$	[2 marks]		
			Answer		
1	(a) (iii)	$ \ln\left(x^2\right) + y^2 = xy $	[3 marks]		
			Answer		

1	(b) (i)	Find $\int \frac{x-6}{x^2-12x+5} \mathrm{d}x$		[2 marks]
			Answer	
		(
1	(b) (ii)	Find $\int \frac{8x+6}{\left(2x^2+3x-1\right)^3} dx$		
		,		[3 marks]
			Answer	



2	(a)	The curve with equation $y=2^{-x}$ intersects the line $y=4-2x$ at a point where $x=\alpha$ and $\alpha>0$
2	(a) (i)	Show that α lies between 1.8 and 1.9 [2 marks]
2	(a) (ii)	Show that the equation $4-2x=2^{-x}$ can be rearranged into the form $x=2-2^{-(x+1)}$ [1 mark]
2	(a) (iii)	Use the iterative formula $x_{n+1} = 2 - 2^{-(x_n + 1)}$
		with $x_1 = 1.8$ to find the values of x_2 and x_3 giving your answers to three decimal places. [2 marks]
		$x_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} x_3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

giving your answer to four significant figures.	
	[4



Describe a sequence of **two** geometrical transformations that maps the graph of $y = \sec \theta$ onto the graph of $y = 0.5\sec(\theta + 1)$

[4 marks]

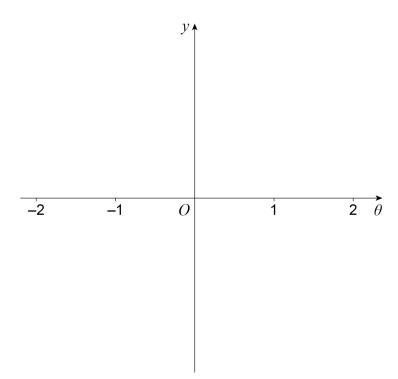
3 (b) Sketch on the axes below the curve with equation

$$y = 0.5\sec(\theta + 1)$$
 for $-2 < \theta < 2$

where θ is in radians.

State the coordinates of the stationary point and the coordinates of any intercept with the axes.

[3 marks]



3	(c)	It is given that	$r = \frac{1}{1}$
Ū	(0)	it is given that	² 2cos

3	(c) (i)	Find	$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}y}$
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[1 mark]

Answer

3	(c) (ii)	Hence find	$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}$	in terms of	sin y
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[2 marks]

Answer____

10



4		The functions f and g are d	fined by		
		$f(x) = \sqrt{1 - 0.25}$			
		$g(x) = \frac{8}{x - 1}$	for all real value	es of $x, x \neq 1$	
4	(a)	State the range of the function	f	ſ	[1 mark]
			Answer		
4	(b) (i)	Find fg(x)		I	[1 mark]
			Answer		
4	(b) (ii)	Find the domain of the function	fg	[2	? marks]
			Answer		
4	(b) (iii)	Solve the equation $fg(x) = 3$		[2	? marks]
			Answer		



4	(c)	The inverse of the function fg is h	
4	(c) (i)	Find h(x) giving your answer in the form $h(x) = \frac{p - x^2}{q - x^2}$ where p and q are integers [3 mark	s]
			_
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		Answer	
4	(c) (ii)	Solve the equation $h(x) = \frac{11}{3}$	
		[2 mark	s]
			_
		Answer	



5	(a)	Express $7\cos\theta + 24\sin\theta$ in the form $R\cos\left(\theta - \alpha\right)$ where $R > 0$ and 0 Give the value of α in radians to three significant figures.	[3 marks]
		Answer	
5	(b)	Show that	
		$2\csc 4x + 2\cot 4x = \cot x - \tan x$	
		for all x where $x \neq \frac{n\pi}{4}$	[4 marks]



5	(c)	By using a suitable trigonometrical identity, solve the equation
		$5\tan^2(2y+3) = 7 - 4\sec(2y+3)$
		Give all values of y to two decimal places in the interval $0 < y < \pi$ [5 marks]
		Answer



6		The polynomial $f(x)$ is defined by	
		$f(x) = 4x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c$	
		where a , b and c are constants.	
		It is given that $(2x-1)$ is a factor of $f(x)$	
		(2x - 1) is a radiof of $f(x)$	
		When $f(x)$ is divided by $(2x-3)$ the remainder is 15	
6	(a)	Show that $2a+b=2$	[3 marks]
			[o marko]



6 (b)	When $f(x)$ is divided by $(2x + 1)$ the remainder is 9	
	Find the remainder when $f(x)$ is divided by $(2x + 3)$	[4 marks]
	Answer	



7	(a)	A curve i	s defined by	the parai	metric equations
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$$x = \frac{t}{2t - 1} \quad \text{and} \quad y = 2t - \sqrt{t}$$

Find an equation of the normal to the curve at the point where t = 1

Give your answer in the form py + qx = r where p, q and r are integers.

[6 marks]

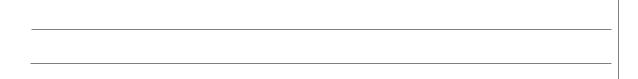
7 (b) A second curve is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = e^{2m} + e^{-2m}$$
 and $y = e^{2m} - e^{-2m}$

Answer

7 **(b) (i)** Find a Cartesian equation of this curve, giving your answer in the form $x^2 = f(y)$

[3 marks]





		Answer
,	(b) (ii)	Hence write down a Cartesian equation of the curve defined by the parametric equations
	(, (,	$x = e^{kn} + e^{-kn} \text{and} y = e^{kn} - e^{-kn}$
		where n is the parameter and k is a positive integer. [1 mark]
		Answer
•	(c)	A third curve is defined by the parametric equations
		$x = a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta$ and $y = a \cos \theta - b \sin \theta$
		where $ \theta $ is the parameter and $ a $ and $ b $ are constants.
		Find a Cartesian equation of this curve. [3 marks]
		Answer



8	(a)	The rate at which the population of a colony of ants is increasing is directly proportion to the population P of the colony.	al
		Currently the population is 1 000 000 and is increasing at a rate of 3000 per month.	
		Construct a differential equation for the population of the colony. [2 ma	rks]
		Answer	
8	(b)	It is given that $y = f(x)$ satisfies the differential equation	
		$2x\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + y^2 = 4$	
		Find the solution of the differential equation for which $y = 1$ when $x = 1$	
		Give your answer in the form $y = f(x)$ [6 ma	rks]



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9	(a)	Find the coordinates of the stationary point of the curve with equation
		$y = x^{0.5} e^{-0.5x}$
		Give the coordinates in an exact form. [4 marks]
		Answer
9	(b)	The region bounded by the curve $y=x^{0.5}\mathrm{e}^{-0.5x}$, the lines $x=1,\ x=2$ and the x -axis is rotated through 2π radians about the x -axis to form a solid.
		Find the exact value of the volume of this solid.
		Give your answer in the form $\pi \left(\frac{a}{e} + \frac{b}{e^2} \right)$ where a and b are integers.
		[5 marks]



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10	Use the substitution $u = 1 + \sin \theta$ to find the value of
	$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \sin \theta}} \right)^3 d\theta$
	giving your answer in the form $\ \frac{2}{3}\Big(p\sqrt{2}+q\Big)$ where p and q are integers. [8 marks]



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11 (a)	Express $\frac{7x^2 - 17x + 12}{(3 - x)^2 (1 - 3x)}$ in the form $\frac{A}{(3 - x)} + \frac{B}{(3 - x)^2} + \frac{C}{(1 - 3x)}$	[4 marks]
	Answer	
11 (b)	Find the binomial expansion of $\left(3-x\right)^{-1}$ up to and including the term in x^2	[2 marks]
	Answer	



11 (C)	Use your answers to part (a) and part (b) to show that	
	$\frac{7x^2 - 17x + 12}{(3-x)^2(1-3x)} = D + Ex + Fx^2$	
	for small values of x stating the rational values of $D,$ E and F	[4 marks]

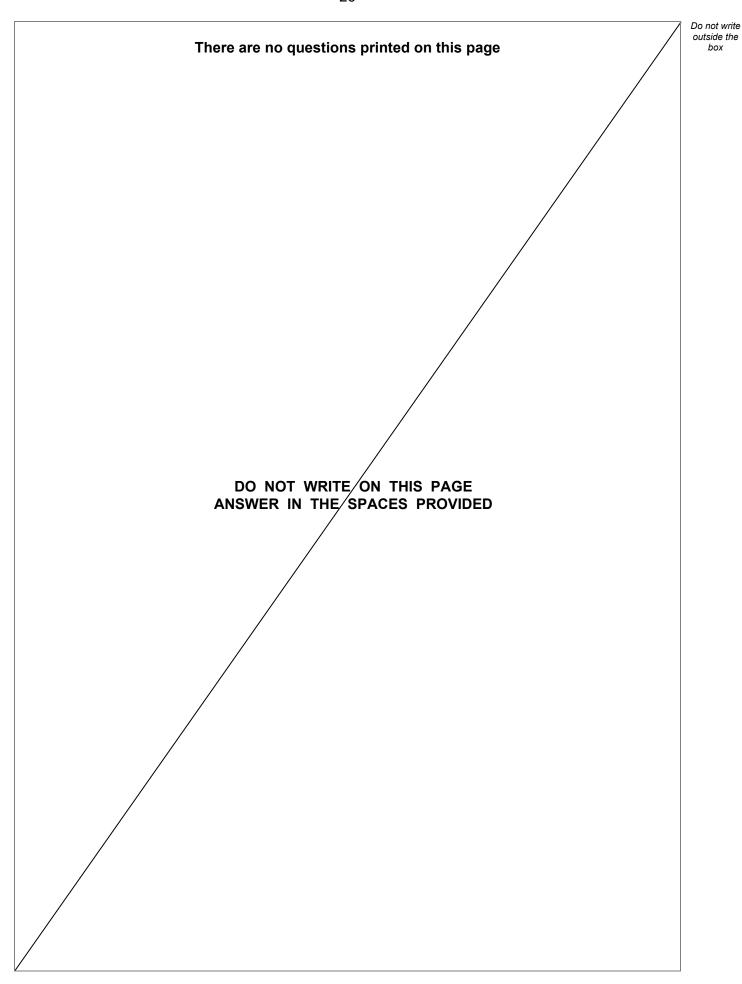
Answer ____

12 (a)	points $A(2, -1, 3)$ and $B(5, -2, -1)$	[1 mark]
	Answer	
12 (b)	The line l_2 has equation $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ k \end{bmatrix}$	
	The lines l_1 and l_2 intersect.	
12 (b) (i)	Find the value of k	[3 marks]
	Answer	
12 (b) (ii)	Find the coordinates of the point of intersection.	[1 mark]
	Answer	



12 (c)	The point C has coordinates $(3,4,4)$ The perpendicular from C to the line l_2 meets l_2 at the point D	
	Find the length of CD	[6 marks]
	Answer	
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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