

Please write clearly in block capitals.					
Centre number	Candidate number				
Surname					
Forename(s)					
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.				

# INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL FURTHER MATHEMATICS

(9665/FM03) Unit FP2 Pure Mathematics

# Monday 20 January 2020 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes

## Materials

- For this paper you must have the Oxford International AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphics calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.

## Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.



For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
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9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
TOTAL		

		Answer <b>all</b> questions in the spaces provided.		Do not wi outside t box
1		The matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$		
1	(a)	Describe fully the single transformation represented by the matrix $ {f A} $	[2 marks]	
1	(b)	The matrix <b>B</b> represents a reflection in the plane $y = z$		
		Find the matrix $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}^{-1}$	[2 marks]	
		Answer		4



2	Evaluate the improper i	ntegral

 $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{2x}{x^2+9} - \frac{6}{3x+2}\right) \mathrm{d}x$ 

showing the limiting process used.

Give your answer in the form  $\ln p$  , where p is a rational number.

Answer

[6 marks]





		outside the
3	The points $A$ and $B$ have position vectors $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ respectively relative to an origin $O$ , where	
	$\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = -3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$	
3 (a	Use a vector product to show that the area of triangle $OAB$ is $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{10}$ [3 marks]	
3 (b	) The vector $\mathbf{c}$ is given by $\mathbf{c} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}$	
	Use a scalar triple product to determine whether or not $a$ , $b$ and $c$ are coplanar vectors.	
	[2 marks]	
	Answer	5





0 5

5		The line <i>L</i> has equation
		$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} - \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4\\-8\\1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$
5	(a) (i)	Find the direction cosines of L [3 marks]
		Answer
5	(a) (ii)	Find the acute angle between $L$ and the <i>x</i> -axis, giving your answer to the nearest $0.1^{\circ}$ [1 mark]
		Answer



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5	(b)	The plane $\Pi$ has equation $\mathbf{r} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 12$	Do not write outside the box
		Find the position vector of the point of intersection of $L$ and $\Pi$ [4 marks]	
		Answer	8
		Turn over ►	



i	Find the general solution of the differential equation	
	$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 9y = 9x^2 + 6x + 2\cos 3x$	
		[9 marks]



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	box
	9
Answer	



	Do not write outside the
7 (a) Using the definition	box
$e^{y} - e^{-y}$	
$\tanh y = \frac{e^{y}}{e^{y} + e^{-y}}$	
prove that, for $-1 < x < 1$	
$\tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1+x}{1+x} \right)$	
$2^{m}(1-x)$	[2] maguka]
	[3 marks]
7 (b) (i) Hence find, in terms of r, the coefficient of $x^r$ in the Maclaurin series	
expansion of tanh <sup>-</sup> 'x	[2 marks]



		Dc oL	o not write utside the box
	Answer		
7 (b) (ii)	Hence, or otherwise, given that $y = \tanh^{-1} x$ , deduce the value of		
	$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \frac{\mathrm{d}^3 y}{\mathrm{d}x^3} + \frac{\mathrm{d}^5 y}{\mathrm{d}x^5} + \frac{\mathrm{d}^7 y}{\mathrm{d}x^7}\right) \text{ when } x = 0$		
		[2 marks]	
	Answer		7



Do not write outside the  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ The matrix  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & k & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & k \end{bmatrix}$ , where *k* is a real constant. 8 8 (a) Show that  $\mathbf{A}$  is a non-singular matrix. [3 marks] Find  $\mathbf{A}^{-1}$  in terms of k8 (b) [5 marks]



12

box

Do not write outside the box Answer \_\_\_\_\_ 8 (c) Use  $A^{-1}$  to solve the equations x + 2y - z = 1x + ky + 4z = 32x + 3y + kz = 6Give your solution in terms of k[3 marks] 11 x = \_\_\_\_\_ y = \_\_\_\_ z = \_\_\_\_



9		The equation
		$mx^{4} + x^{3} + (m+n) x^{2} - x + n = 0$ , where $m \neq 0$ and $n \neq 0$
		has roots $lpha$ , $eta$ , $\gamma$ and $\delta$
		It is given that $\alpha + \beta = 0$
9	(a) (i)	Explain why $\gamma + \delta = -\frac{1}{m}$
9	(a) (ii)	Show that $n = -m$ [6 marks]



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9 (k	(b)	<b>Hence</b> find all possible values of <i>m</i> for which the roots $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ and $\delta$ are real and distinct
		[4 marks]
		Answer



Turn over ►

11

		Do not write
10	A curve $C$ is defined for $x > 0$	outside the box
	At each point $(x, y)$ on the curve <i>C</i>	
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \frac{2}{x}y = \frac{\cos x}{x}$	
10 (a)	By using an integrating factor, find the general solution of this differential equation. [5 marks]	
	Answer	



		<b>a</b>	Do not write outside the box
10	(b)	It is given that, as $x \to 0$ , $y \to k$ , where k is a constant.	
10	(b)(i)	Find the value of $k$	
	(~)(-)		
		[4 marks]	
		L =	
		κ –	
10	(b) (ii)	A student states that the curve $y = k \cos x$ passes through all the stationary points of <i>C</i>	
		Determine whether or not the student is correct.	
		Fully justify your answer.	
		[2 marks]	
			11



			Do not write
11 (a)	Express -128 i in the form $r e^{i\theta}$ , where $r > 0$ and $-\pi < \theta \le \pi$	[2 marks]	outside the box
	-128 1 =		
11 (D)	Solve the equation $z^7 + 128 i = 0$		
	giving your solutions in the form $re^{i\theta}$ where $r > 0$ and $-\pi < \theta < \pi$		
	giving your solutions in the form $r \in \mathbb{R}$ , where $r > 0$ and $-n < 0 \le n$	[4 marks]	
	Answer		











			Do not write outside the
12	(b)	The line <i>L</i> has Cartesian equation $\sqrt{3} y = 1 - x$	box
		The line <i>L</i> intersects the curve $C_1$ at the points <i>P</i> and <i>Q</i> , where $OP > OQ$	
12	(b) (i)	By finding the polar coordinates of the points $P$ and $Q$ , verify that the circle $C_2$ als passes through the points $P$ and $Q$ [5 m	o arks]
12	(b) (ii)	Explain why $OP$ is a diameter of the circle $C_2$ [2 m	arks]
		•	
12	(c)	Hence find the Cartesian equation of the tangent to the circle $C_2$ at the point $P$ [4 m	arks]
		Answer	15



**13** A curve *C* has equation 
$$y = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$$
, where *a* is a positive constant.  
**13** (a) Show that the length of the curve from  $x = -d$  to  $x = d$  is  $2a \sinh\left(\frac{d}{a}\right)$  [4 marks]  
**13** (a) Show that the length of the curve from  $x = -d$  to  $x = d$  is  $2a \sinh\left(\frac{d}{a}\right)$   
**14** marks]  
**13** (b) The ends of a chain are attached to points *P* and *Q* such that *PQ* is horizontal and of length  $2d$   
The chain hangs below *PQ*. Its shape is modelled by the curve *C*  
The length of the chain is  $z$   
The lowest point of the chain is at a distance  $\frac{s}{2n}$  below *PQ*, where  $n > 1$   
**13** (b) (i) Use a suitable sketch to show that  $a + \frac{s}{2n} = a \cosh\left(\frac{d}{a}\right)$  [1 mark]



Do not write outside the box 13 (b) (ii) Hence show that  $a + \frac{s}{2n} = \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{s^2}{4}}$ [2 marks] **13** (b) (iii) Show that  $PQ = \frac{s}{2n} (n^2 - 1) \ln \left( \frac{n+1}{n-1} \right)$ [7 marks]



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END OF QUESTIONS



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14





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